



## Photocatalytic Degradation of Textile Wastewater Using Immobilized $\text{CuCo}_2\text{O}_4$ Nanocomposite Thin Films

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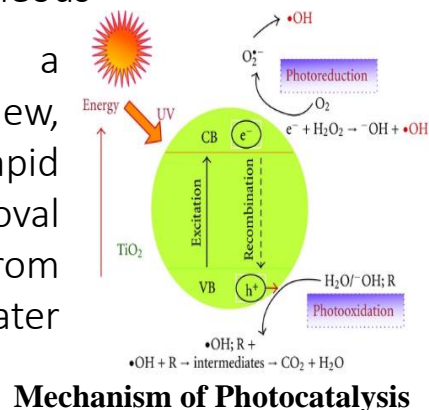
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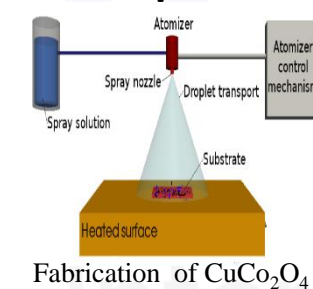
### Background and Objectives

The Textile industrial wastewater has become a leading source of water pollution due to diverse nature of pollutants present in the effluents which are hazardous and toxic. Approximately, 280,000 tons of the textile dyes are discharged into water sinks through textile effluents. So (AOPs) is an effective method used for wastewater treatment. Heterogeneous

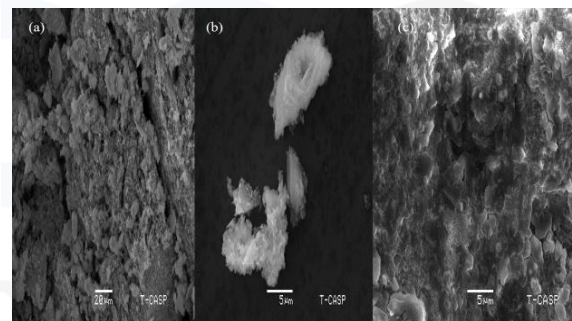
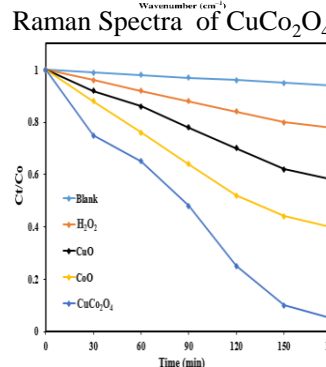
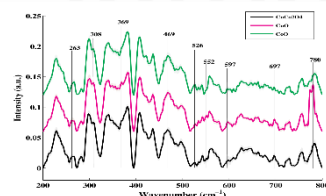
photocatalysis by a semiconductor is a new, operative, and rapid method for the removal of impurities from industrial leftover water using  $\text{CuCo}_2\text{O}_4$



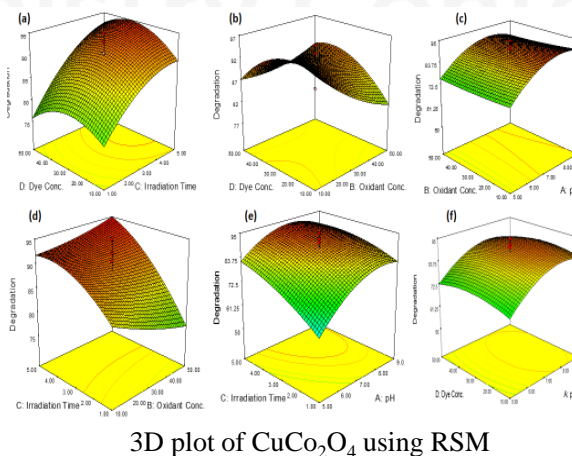
### Experimental and Results/Discussion



Fabrication of  $\text{CuCo}_2\text{O}_4$



SEM of  $\text{CuCo}_2\text{O}_4$  nanocomposite



### Conclusion

Form the above results, it is concluded that  $\text{CuCo}_2\text{O}_4$  is more efficient for the degradation of dye. The results revealed that at optimized condition more than 87% degradation could be achieved. The results of this study predicted that advance oxidation process (AOPs) could be considered as one of the most effective process for treatment of Industrial Effluents by optimizing reaction condition by RSM

### Reference

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2. M. Ahmad, I. Bhatti, K. Qureshi, N. Ahmad, J. Nisar, M. Zuber, A. Ashar, M. Khan and M. Iqbal. *J. Mol. Liq.* 2020, 301, 112343.